
Complete the following problems. Show all work to receive full credit.

1. Does the series $\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\ln(\ln n)}$ converge or diverge? Explain.

$$n > \ln n > \ln \ln n$$

Therefore

$$\frac{1}{n} < \frac{1}{\ln n} < \frac{1}{\ln \ln n}$$

The series $\sum \frac{1}{n}$ diverges and $\sum \frac{1}{n} \leq \sum \frac{1}{\ln \ln n}$ so this series diverges, also.

2. Does the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{\sqrt{n}}$ converge or diverge? Explain.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

so it diverges by the p -series test.

3. Does the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(1 + (\ln n)^2)}$ converge or diverge? Explain.

Use the integral test:

$$\begin{aligned} & \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \int_1^t \frac{1}{x(1 + (\ln x)^2)} dx \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \int_1^t \frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{1 + (\ln x)^2} dx \\ & \quad u = \ln x \\ & \quad du = \frac{1}{x} dx \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \int_{x=1}^t \frac{1}{1 + u^2} du \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \tan^{-1}(u) \Big|_{x=1}^t \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \tan^{-1}(\ln x) \Big|_1^t \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \tan^{-1}(\ln t) - \tan^{-1}(\ln 1) \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \tan^{-1}(\ln t) - \tan^{-1} 0 = \frac{\pi}{2} - 0 \end{aligned}$$

which converges, so $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(1 + (\ln n)^2)}$ converges.