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Complete the following problems. Show all work to receive full credit.

1. An object is dropped straight down from a helicopter. The object falls faster and faster but its acceleration decreases over time because of air resistance. The acceleration is measured in ft/sec<sup>2</sup> and recorded every second after the drop for 5 seconds as shown:

$t$	0	1	2	3	4	5
$a(t)$	32.00	19.41	11.77	7.14	4.33	2.63

Find an upper estimate for the speed when  $t = 5$ . Use  $\Delta t = 1$ .

Since we want the upper estimate and the numbers are decreasing, we use the left-hand estimate.

time interval	$a(t)$	$\Delta t$	speed
$0 \leq t \leq 1$	32	1	32
$1 \leq t \leq 2$	19.41	1	19.41
$2 \leq t \leq 3$	11.7	1	11.7
$3 \leq t \leq 4$	7.14	1	7.14
$4 \leq t \leq 5$	4.33	1	4.33
Total			74.58

So the velocity is  $\approx 74.58$  ft/sec

2. Find  $\sum_{k=1}^4 \cos(k\pi)$

$$= \cos(\pi) + \cos(2\pi) + \cos(3\pi) + \cos(4\pi) = -1 + 1 - 1 + 1 = 0$$

3. Suppose that  $\sum_{k=1}^n a_k = -5$  and  $\sum_{k=1}^n b_k = 6$ . Find the following:

(a)  $\sum_{k=1}^n (a_k + b_k)$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n a_k + \sum_{k=1}^n b_k = -5 + 6 = 1$$

(b)  $\sum_{k=1}^n \left(\frac{b_k}{6}\right)$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \sum_{k=1}^n b_k = \frac{1}{6} \cdot 6 = 1$$